

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BUSINESS STUDIES

0450/21 May/June 2017

Paper 2 Case Study MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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Answer	Question	Marks
1(a)	Identify and explain two ways in which TT might achieve quality production.	8
	Knowledge $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for each way. Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for a relevant explanation for each way. Application $[2 \cdot 2]$ – award two application marks for each way.	
	Award one mark for each way (maximum of two), from this list:	
	Quality control Quality assurance Quality labour – skilled/trained workers Quality materials – consider producing own T shirts instead of buying in Use new technology/new computer-controlled equipment/CAD,CAM or CIM TQM/quality circles	
	Do not accept JIT or lean production.	
	Award a maximum of three additional marks for each explanation – 2 of which must be applied to this context - of how the quality can be achieved.	
	Indicative response:	
	Quality control (k) means that each batch of children's T-shirts are checked at the end of the production process (app) If there are any faults then the batch can be sewn up and repairs made to any gaps in the seams (app) so that products only leave the factory if they are correctly made and in perfect condition (an).	
	Possible application marks:	
	Ready-made plain white T-shirts; high quality material; prints designs; T-shirts imported from country Q, a developing country; 50 different designs; batches production of various sizes; personalized T-shirts; buying new computer controlled equipment for \$500 000; retailers expect high quality products	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

Answer		Question		Marks
1(b)		advantages and the disadvantage ecommend the best option to cho		12
	Relevant poir	nts might include:	1	
		Advantages	Disadvantages	
	Option A – take over competing company	Specialised in different product range – increase sales. Economies of scale possible – reduce management layers – reduce wage costs. Increase efficiency – share good practice - lower unit costs – more competitive – increase profit.	High cost to buy out shareholders. No guarantee of success – no expertise in this market. Low staff morale – job insecurity – lack of coordination between the two management structures – diseconomies of scale.	
	Option B – expand own production facilities	Increased efficiency from new equipment – increased output – increased sales. Not using a wholesaler – absorb profit margin. Option B is cheaper than Option A.	May need joint venture/use an agent – reduce profit margin – lower profit. Lack of knowledge of export market – culture/taste may be different – more difficult to have effective marketing.	
	Knowledge/An scheme below	alysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 n Knowledge / Analysis / Evaluation	narks using the levels-based mark	
	Level 3	At least 2 Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified recom choose and why not choose the alt	ernative option.	
		7–8 marks for limited recommenda	tion of which option to choose.	
	Level 2	4–6 marks Detailed discussion of advantages option.	and/or disadvantages of each	
	Level 1	1–3 marks Outline of advantages and/or disac	lvantages of each option.	

Answer	Question	Marks
1(b)	Level 1 – 1 mark for each L1 statement (max of 3 marks) e.g. Economies of scale are possible if they take over another company.	
	Level $2 - 1 \cdot L2$ explanation can gain 4 marks and a further mark can be awarded for each additional L2 explanation (max 6 marks) e.g. Economies of scale are possible if they take over another company as T-shirts could be purchased in bulk and a discount received. However, it will cost over \$10m to buy out the shareholders and they may not be able to finance it. (L2 plus 1 App mark for consideration of the costs of the takeover of a competitor).	
	Level 3 – For L3 to be awarded there needs to be at least two L2 marks awarded and then a recommendation of which option to choose.	
	Award up to 2 additional marks for relevant application.	
	Possible application marks:	
	private limited company; set up 15 years ago; in country P; buys ready-made plain white T-shirts; prints designs; T-shirts imported from country Q, a developing country; 50 different designs; batches production of various sizes; sold to small retailers in country P;expect high quality; share capital \$2 m; increased to \$8 m by 2015; exporting T-shirts; take over DesOwn; personalized T-shirts; sells online; raise \$10 m to buy out the existing shareholders; buying new computer controlled equipment for \$500 000; sell directly to large retailers; use an agent or a joint venture; really unhappy factory workers; workers want to leave.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

Answer	Question	Marks
2(a)	Identify <u>two</u> motivational theories and explain how TT could use these theories to help increase worker motivation	8
	Knowledge $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for each theory Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for a relevant explanation for each theory Application $[2 \cdot 2]$ – award two application marks for each theory	
	 Award one mark for each theory (maximum of two), from: Taylor – scientific management approach, money is the main motivator, pay according to tasks performed so speed is encouraged, specialisation would make best use of skills Maslow – hierarchy of needs, satisfy physiological, safety, social, self-esteem, self- actualisation needs to increase motivation Herzberg – two factor theory where hygiene factors relate to the working environment and motivating factors relate to improving the job itself so that work is meaningful and the worker is given responsibility 	
	Note: There may be reference to other motivational theorists.	
	Award a maximum of three additional marks for each explanation – 2 of which must be applied to this context – of the theory.	
	Note: The explanation must focus on how TT can use each specific theory.	
	Indicative response:	
	Taylor (k) believed that money is a main motivator for workers (an) and so TT should increase the workers' wages especially to pay them for all the tasks they do (app) and then they may feel more motivated and less unhappy in their jobs and not want to leave (app).	
	Possible application marks:	
	prints designs; 50 different designs; batch production of various sizes; expect high quality; personalized T-shirts; really unhappy factory workers; may be made redundant if taking over another business; Operations Manager just tells me what to do; she never asks what I think; shouted at if I do anything wrong; told to keep quiet; no training on selling; workers want to leave; information is only put on one noticeboard.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

Answer			Question	Marks
2(b)	about whethe		ng <u>three</u> changes before making a final decision g its products. Which change will be the most stify your answer.	12
	Relevant poir	nts might include:		
		in the exchange try P's currency.	Exports more expensive – harder to sell its products abroad – imports cheaper – T-shirts lower costs – could lower prices or increase profit.	
		conomic growth in pped economies.	Increased demand – increased sales of T-shirts – may demand alternative more expensive clothes.	
		he import tariffs in pped economies.	Higher import prices for T-shirts – increased costs – higher price of finished T-shirt – lower demand.	
	Knowledge/Ar scheme below		award up to 10 marks using the levels-based mark	
		Knowledge/Analys	sis/ Evaluation	
	Level 3		2 + ell justified conclusion as to which change will be at compared to the other changes.	
			ne limited judgement shown in conclusion as to be most important.	
	Level 2	4–6 marks Discussion of adv	antages and/or disadvantages of each change.	
	Level 1	1–3 marks Outline of advanta	ages and/or disadvantages of each change.	
	will lead to hig	her export prices, e	ement (max of 3 marks) e.g. appreciation of currency conomic growth will lead to increased sales of T make T shirt prices higher.	
	each a curren the T-s	dditional L2 explana cy will lead to highe shirts. This will make	gain 4 marks and a further mark can be awarded for ation (max 6 marks) e.g. Appreciation in the r export prices which may lead to a fall in demand for e it harder to sell in this market and consumers may goods that now appear cheaper. (L2)	
			nere needs to be at least two L2 marks awarded and the change will be most important.	
	Award up to 2	2 additional marks	for relevant application.	
	Possible app	lication marks:		
	from country	Q, a developing co	shirts; prints designs on T shirts; T-shirts imported untry; sold to small retailers; expand the company; ell directly to large retailers; use an agent or a joint	
	There may b	e other examples in	context that have not been included here.	

Answer	Question	Marks
3(a)	Identify <u>two</u> communication barriers which might occur within TT and explain how each barrier might be reduced.	8
	Knowledge $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for each barrier Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for a relevant explanation for each barrier Application $[2 \cdot 2]$ – award two application marks for each barrier	
	Award one mark for each barrier (maximum of two), such as:	
	Problems with the sender – different languages in country P and country Q/ not made the message clear /speaks quickly/sends message to wrong person/too many workers to contact	
	Problems with the medium – message lost/no feedback given/wrong channel used/ message not picked up Problems with the receiver – not listening/ may not trust the sender/not	
	understanding the message Problems with feedback – only one-way communication/there is no feedback/distortion of feedback as passed through too many people/ long chain of command	
	Problems with the physical environment – noise level/separate buildings/time difference	
	Award a maximum of three additional marks for each explanation – 2 of which must be applied to this context - of how the barrier might be reduced.	
	Indicative response:	
	Problems with the medium used (k) in the case of TT information is put on a factory noticeboard in another building where the workers do not see it (app). If the message is put on a noticeboard in the same building as the factory workers and also in a newsletter sent to every worker in the T-shirt factory (app) then this should ensure that all workers receive the information and the barrier will be overcome (an).	
	Possible application marks:	
	Private limited company; in country P/Q; prints designs; T-shirts imported from country Q, a developing country; sold to small retailers in country P; expand the company; exporting T-shirts; take over DesOwn, a competing company; personalized T-shirts; sells online; use an agent or a joint venture; really unhappy factory workers; shouted at if I do anything wrong; workers want to leave; workers in the factory; Operations manager just tells me what to do; she never asks what I think; told to keep quiet; no training on selling; information is only put on one noticeboard.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

Answer			Question		Marks
3(b)	for its pro sales. Ju	oducts i Istify yo	lowing <u>three</u> channels of distribution in country P. Recommend the best our answer. might include:		1:
			Advantages	Disadvantages	
	Sell to a wholesa		Bulk buy – gain advice on what sells well – lower administration costs.	Lower profit margin.	
	Sell dire large ret		Good locations/high footfall – increase sales.	Many competing brands also sold there.	
	Open its shops in shopping malls	1	Control over presentation of T-shirts – independent decision making about selling to customers.	High costs of operating own shop – insufficient designs for own shops.	
	country P	je/Analy elow.	ept answers referring to exporting. The sis/Evaluation – award up to 10 marks edge/Analysis/ Evaluation		
	Level 3	At leas 9–10 r distrib 7–8 m	st 2 · Level 2 + marks for well justified recommendation ution to choose and why not the other arks for some limited judgement show hannel of distribution to choose.	channels.	
			arke		
	Level 2	4–6 m Detaile	ed discussion of each channel of distril	bution.	

Answer	Question	Marks
3(b)	Level 1 – 1 mark for each L1 statement (max of 3 marks) e.g. Wholesaler will buy in bulk.	
	Level $2 - 1 \cdot L2$ explanation can gain 4 marks and a further mark can be awarded for each additional L2 explanation (max 6 marks) e.g. Wholesaler will buy in bulk which will reduce administration and transport costs. However, the wholesaler will expect a reduced price and so the profit margin will be lower. (L2)	
	Level 3 – For L3 to be awarded there needs to be at least two L2 marks awarded and then a recommendation which justifies the best channel of distribution to choose.	
	Award up to 2 additional marks for relevant application.	
	Possible application marks:	
	Private limited company; prints designs; 50 different designs; batch production of various sizes; sold to small retailers; expect high quality; expand the company; personalized T-shirts; use an agent or a joint venture; no training on selling.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

Answer	Question	Marks
4(a)	Identify and explain <u>one</u> reason why TT will need short-term finance and <u>one</u> reason why TT will need long-term finance.	8
	Knowledge $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for each reason Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award one mark for a relevant explanation for each reason Application $[2 \cdot 2]$ – award two application marks for each reason	
	Award one mark for each reason (maximum of two), such as:	
	Short-term finance – needed on a day-to-day basis to keep the business running: Working capital /cover expenses/pay wages Pay for materials/Inventories of T-shirts Cash flow problems	
	Long-term finance – needed over a long period of time to support expensive business development. Will need to be repaid in many instalments: Investment in equipment/machinery/fixed assets Take over another company/expand	
	Award a maximum of three additional marks for each explanation – 2 of which must be applied to this context – of each reason.	
	Indicative response:	
	Short-term finance will be needed to pay for inventory (k) in this case it will be the T-shirts that are to have prints on them (app). The T-shirts will need to be purchased from abroad and paid for long before they have designs printed on them (app) and sold so working capital will be needed to allow this to take place. (an)	
	Possible application marks:	
	Private limited company; set up 15 years ago; in country P; buys ready-made plain white T-shirts; T-shirts imported from country Q, a developing country; 50 different designs; batches production of various sizes; sold to small retailers in country P; share capital \$2 m; increased to \$8 m by 2015; expand the company; exporting T-shirts; take over DesOwn, a competing company; sells online; raise \$10 m to buy out the existing shareholders; buying new computer controlled equipment for \$500 000; sell directly to large retailers; use an agent or a joint venture.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	

		Question		Marks
4(b)	financial pe	ppendix 3 and other information in the erformance of TT. Do you think the d ny's performance? Justify your answ	irectors should be pleased with	12
	Relevant po	oints might include:		
		2015 GPM = 80% (L2)	GP = \$8 m (L1)	
		NPM = 10% (L2)	$NP = \pounds 1 m (L1)$	
		ROCE = 10% (L2)		
		2016 GPM = 73% or 73.3% (L2)	GP = \$11 m (L1)	
		NPM = 13% or 13.3% (L2)	NP = \$2 m (L1)	
		ROCE = 14% or 14.2% (L2)		
	Retween 20	15 and 2016:		
		enue increased (by \$5 m) (L1)		
		ende increased (by \$3 m) (L1)		
	•	profit increased (by \$1 m) (L1)		
		ot accept APP for use of data already p	provided in Appendix 3 (non-	
		ot accept APP for use of data already p	provided in Appendix 3 (non-	
	Note: Do no calculated fi	ot accept APP for use of data already p gures).		
	Note: Do no calculated fi Knowledge//	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m		
	Note: Do no calculated fi	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m		
	Note: Do no calculated fi Knowledge//	ot accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m ow.		
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	ot accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m ow. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation		
	Note: Do no calculated fi Knowledge//	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m to w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 +	narks using the levels-based mark	
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m to w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu	narks using the levels-based mark	
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu should be pleased with the company	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance.	
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu should be pleased with the compan 7–8 marks for some limited conclus	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors	
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu should be pleased with the company 7–8 marks for some limited conclus should be pleased with the company	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors by performance/recommend action	
	Note: Do no calculated fir Knowledge/J scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m by the second	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors by performance/recommend action	
	Note: Do no calculated fig Knowledge// scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu should be pleased with the company 7–8 marks for some limited conclus should be pleased with the company for improvement or future developm 4–6 marks	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors by performance/recommend action nent of the business.	
	Note: Do no calculated fir Knowledge/J scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m by the second	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors by performance/recommend action nent of the business.	
	Note: Do no calculated fir Knowledge/J scheme belo	bt accept APP for use of data already p gures). Analysis/Evaluation – award up to 10 m w. Knowledge/Analysis/ Evaluation At least 2 · Level 2 + 9–10 marks for well justified conclu should be pleased with the company 7–8 marks for some limited conclus should be pleased with the company for improvement or future developm 4–6 marks	narks using the levels-based mark sion as to whether the directors by performance. sion as to whether the directors by performance/recommend action nent of the business.	

Answer	Question	Marks
4(b)	Level 1 – 1 mark for each L1 statement (max of 3 marks).	
	Level 2 – 1 \cdot L2 calculation can gain 4 marks and a further mark can be awarded for each additional L2 calculation (max 6 marks) e.g. The net profit margin for 2016 was 13%. (L2).	
	Level 3 – For L3 to be awarded there needs to be at least two L2 marks awarded and then a conclusion whether the directors should be pleased with the company performance.	
	Award up to 2 additional marks for relevant application.	
	Possible application marks:	
	Private limited company; set up 15 years ago; in country P; share capital \$2 m; increased to \$8 m by 2015; expand the company; raise \$10 m to buy out the existing shareholders; buying new computer controlled equipment for \$500 000.	
	There may be other examples in context that have not been included here.	